These notes give an overall guide to your procedure. You may see some differences in the details of your treatment, since it is tailored to suit your own condition.
admission. Please bring along all the documents that may be required such as your medical aid card, ID and contact details. If you are not a member of a medical aid you will be required to pay a deposit or sign an indemnity form. As far as possible we will try to advise you about hospital costs before your admission. It may be best to complete some of the documentation beforehand at the hospital pre-admission clinic to save time on the day of your admission.

When you arrive in the ward, you will be welcomed by the nurses or the receptionist and will have your details checked. Some basic tests will be done such as pulse, temperature, blood pressure and urine examination. You will be asked to hand in any medicines or drugs you may be taking, so that your drug treatment in hospital will be correct. Please tell the nurses of any allergies to drugs or dressings. The surgeon will have explained the operation and you will be asked to sign your consent for the operation. If you are not clear about any part of the operation, ask for more details from the surgeon or from the nurses.

In an adult the operation area may need to be shaved to remove excess hair. You may be issued with compression stockings that will help prevent blood clots in your legs. If you are having a general anesthetic, the anaesthetist who will be giving your anaesthetic will interview and examine you and he may put up a drip or prescribe some medication to help you relax.

You will be taken on a trolley to the operating suite by the staff. You will be wearing a cotton gown. Wedding rings will be fastened with tape and removable dentures will be left on the ward. There will be several checks on your details on the way to the operating theatre where your anaesthetic will begin.

**HOW LONG DOES THE OPERATION TAKE?**
Usually about 2 hours

**WHAT HAPPENS WHEN I WAKE UP?**
After the operation is completed you will be transferred to the high care ward. Although you will be conscious a minute or two after the operation ends, you are unlikely to remember anything until you are back in your bed on the ward.

You will have many tubes, lines and monitors – this is the routine, don't be alarmed. You will have an oxygen mask, an ECG, a sats monitor (to measure your oxygenation) and a catheter in your bladder; a stomach tube and possibly a drain. You will also be fitted with stockings and may have foot pumps to reduce the risk of clotting in your legs.

**WILL I HAVE PAIN?**
Some pain may be present, but this should be controlled to a level of mild discomfort with the painkillers that are prescribed. Ask the nursing staff for medication if you have pain.

**HOW SOON AFTER THE OPERATION CAN I EAT?**
You will be allowed water, tea or juice in small amounts immediately after the operation, but can only start eating food again the following day.

**HOW SOON AFTER THE OPERATION CAN I GET OUT OF BED?**
You should be able to walk a short distance very soon after waking up, but ask the nursing staff for assistance if you feel dizzy. You should be able to walk without too much discomfort by the next day and will be encouraged to mobilize as much as possible.

**HOW LONG WILL I STAY IN THE HOSPITAL?**
Usually 5 days

**WHAT HAPPENS WHEN I AM DISCHARGED FROM THE WARD?**
Your surgeon will determine when you are ready to go home. You will be given some medication for pain and possibly injections for deep vein thrombosis prophylaxis. You will be given instructions on the dressings and how to care for the wound. You will also get an appointment for your follow-up visit in the surgeon's rooms. You should ask for a sick certificate if you need this for your employer.

**WHAT SHOULD I BE AWARE OF WHEN I GET HOME?**
You will be able to do your own day to day care ie, having a bath, walking without any aid/support. Your appetite will be returning but will not be back to normal. You may have intermittent nausea. Eat small, regular light meals. Bowel patterns tend to be irregular and may take up to a week to return to normal. Try and mobilise as much as you can, avoid excessive sleeping or sitting and build in regular gentle walks.

**HOW SOON CAN I START EXERCISE?**
You can perform routine activities as soon as you get home including, walking or climbing stairs. Normal exercise after 2-3 three weeks. This is best discussed at your first post-operative visit.

**HOW SOON CAN I DRIVE A CAR?**
7-10 days

**HOW LONG WILL I BE OFF WORK?**
Usually between 10 – 14 days

**WHAT ABOUT PAYMENT?**
The procedure and its associated costs will have been discussed with you, and a quote provided. Where procedures need to be unexpectedly altered during the course of the procedure, the fee may change. Similarly, emergency procedures may incur an additional cost.

Surgeons are highly trained, highly skilled professionals and throughout your care a member of the practice is available to attend to you 24 hours a day. In return we expect prompt payment of your account.

We do not submit accounts to medical aids.